

FEMALE CASES OF PARALYSIS (POSSIBLY GPI) 1852 to 1918

Sarah Ashcroft. 31/12/1864. 13.169. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. She had acute mania. She was excessively noisy. She suffered a severe epileptic fit. She was in a coma. Her bladder was paralysed. She gradually improved. She became maniacal. She became more settled. Her state now varied from very excited to semi-comatose 08/04/1866. She died of GPI.

Hannah Ball. 12/08/1872. 16.163. Senile Dementia with paralysis. The cause was paralysis of old age. She had lost all reason. She had thrown off the bed-clothes and exposed herself. She was helpless and prostrated. She was unable to speak and paralysed on her right side. She made a slight improvement, but she was only able to swallow liquids. She then worsened and was semi-conscious. 21/08/1872. She died from the exhaustion of paralysis, diarrhoea and bed-sores, with degeneration of her organs from old age.

Ann Bate. 05/03/1867. 14.31. Dementia with paralysis. She was suspicious of those about her believing that they would ill-treat her or even kill her. She frequently shouted murder. She broke a window and tried to escape through it. On Parish Relief for 10 years. On admission to the asylum she was quiet and harmless. However she wanted to go home to be more comfortable there. She became more feeble and exhausted. 31/08/1867. She died of disease of the heart, brain and paralysis with bronchitis.

Sarah Beale. 09/07/1874. 16.477. Paralysis and fits were the cause. Attempted to suffocate herself and to cut her own throat. She constantly tried to get away from her attendants to commit suicide. She was unable to stand. She rolled and tumbled about often injuring herself. She had to be forcibly fed. She was little changed. She then fell in the airing court and broke the neck of her right femur. This was splinted, but the bones failed to reunite. She was inevitably kept in bed. 11/04/1876. She died from disease of the brain.

Elizabeth Bell. 14/02/1881. 19.887. Senile dementia with paralysis. Senility was the cause. Talked incessantly and incoherently, and was dirty in her habits. She tore her clothes and attempted to burn everything. She could barely walk and she had a prolapsed uterus. She had chest problems. Her speech was a farrago of unintelligible nonsense. She continually attempted to get out of bed. She suddenly developed bronchitis and dysprocea. . This prostrated her. Her pulse began to flag. She was given stimulants but she got much worse. 23/02/2881. She died of bronchitis and disease of the liver and kidneys.

Sarah Bevan. 06/02/1861. 6.093. Dementia with Paralysis. She was not able to save herself from burning. 30/12/1861. Died.

Mary Birch, 23/12/1876. 19.099. Dementia with paralysis. Heredity, family trouble and brain disease were the cause. She had been treated in Worcester Infirmary and by the Dispensary. She had attempted to drown herself. She had great pain in her head and other symptoms of cerebral disease. She often threatened suicide and she had attempted it on 2 occasions. Her brain disease was confirmed by several doctors. She had asthma and chest problems. She thought that everything she touched was dirty. She was demented. She improved and became brighter. She continued to improve and was capable of talking rationally. She was also industrious. She then suffered from inflamed legs. Her legs became oedematous. However this disappeared under treatment and she showed no symptoms of insanity. 04/06/1877. She was Discharged Recovered.

Isabella Blakeway. 20/09/1869. 14.859. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Dirty and slovenly, but previously she had been fond of fine clothes. Subject to epilepsy. Her mode of life and intemperance the probable cause. 06/10.1870. Died of GPI.

Frances Blencowe. 11/01/1881. 19.871. Senile dementia with paralysis. Heredity was the cause. She had threatened her husband with violence and she had threatened to poison him. A day later she forgot she said this. She had gone about the street in a semi-nude state. She could not stand. Her left thigh was deformed by a fracture that was not properly united. Her mind was almost gone and she kept contradicting herself. She claimed her husband was dead and then a sentence later he was alive. She continued in this state. She was unable to attend to her own wants. Demented. She did some sewing; but not much. She could barely walk and she failed to recognise her friends. She had an ulcer on her cornea. The ulcer healed but her eye-sight was affected. She fell over and it was known that she was not pushed. It was thought there was no fracture, but the normal check on the neck of the femur was impossible to perform. She was kept in bed on the floor in a single room. She developed a large bed-sore. Her condition worsened. 29/11/1881. She became unconscious with paralysis of her left arm and leg. She died of chronic disease of the brain.

Rebecca Blizzard. 03/09/1852. 1.055. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Attack of hemiplegia the cause. Demented. Unable to walk without assistance. Becoming weaker. Confined to bed. More paralysed. 25/08/1875. Died of GPI and Brain Disease.

Annie Bourne. 18/08/1906. 51.105. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 18/03/1907. Died of GPI.

Mary Briscoe. 23/07/1881. 23.077. Senile Dementia with Paralysis. Cause congenital. 08/09/1881. Died of Cerebral softening of the brain.

Mary Bloomfield. 19/04/1884. 25.223. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Domestic trouble and heredity the cause. 21/02/1887. Died of GPI and Broncho-pneumonia.

Sarah Brooks. 25/07/1867. 14.185. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Destructive. On admission to the asylum she was depressed and often in tears. She had to be forced with her food. Slowly improving. She could now occupy herself in work. She then declined and she suffered epileptiform attacks. Her mind had gone and she had to be fed. She had to be dressed and she could not walk unaided. She was now in a paralysed state. She had to be treated like a child. She was helpless and she often fell and injured herself. She was then in bed in a vegetative state. 11/05/1875. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Leah Burkill. 23/12/1899. 43.177. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 07/06/1901. Died of GPI.

Louisa Bushell. 11/03/1885. 25.525. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Illness following confinement when the infant died. 20/07/1884. THIS PATIENTS NOTES WERE MOVED TO A FORWARD BOOK THAT IS NO LONGER EXTANT. We do know that this woman was still in Powick Mental Hospital in 1924 39 years after she was committed there.

Phoebe Carrington. 25/07/1874. 16.487. She had 2 previous attacks. None were treated in an asylum. Heredity, domestic trouble and intemperance were the supposed causes. Her husband had been cruel to her. She was strange in manner. She believed the house would fall on her. She was unable to walk far. Demented. She believed there was a mob outside her house and the noise they made prevented her

sleeping. The mob called her foul names. She saw people in her room at night. She improved and she employed herself usefully with her needle. Her delusions were not as prominent. Mentally she was still weak. Irritable and perverse. She continued to sew usefully. The Committee of Visitors suggested that he might leave the asylum if friends would care for her. Her friends refused to care for her. She remained in the same state. She was quiet, tractable and quite industrious. There was little change. She was quiet, orderly and usefully employed. 01/05/1882. Her sister agreed to care for her. 05/06/82. Discharged Recovered.

Emma Carter. 21/07/1870. 15.169. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute mania with GPI. Threatened to cut her husband's throat. Had an attack of convulsions said to be caused by cerebral congestion? These convulsions ceased. She improved. However she then had a maniacal attack. She quietened and was not maniacal. She then became helpless and was confined to bed. It appeared she was likely to die. She had an abscess, bedsores and she had great difficulty swallowing. She rallied a little. However she had to be tended like a child. Her hamstrings were contracted. She also had occasional fits. She was still in bed with bed-sores and she had to be fed. She had continuous convulsions affecting her left side. 01/01/1876. She died of GPI.

Myra Cartwright. 23/01/1882. 23.135. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Cause syphilis and grief. 26/06/1882. Discharged Relieved to the South Yorkshire Asylum.

Sarah Ann Crump. 15/11/83. 25.081. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Domestic trouble the cause. 09/02/1885. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Mary Ann Chambers. 22/07/1885. 27.141. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Recent loss of a child in confinement the cause. 07/03/86. Death due to exhaustion of GPI.

Jane Clay. 14/03/1864. 11.89. THIS WAS A CASE OF GENERAL PARALYSIS. Suffered from Ammorhoea. Rapidly failing. Confined to bed. Had paralysis of the bladder. Suffered from bed-sores. 19/11/1864. Died.

Alice Cole. 10/01/1881. 19.869. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. The cause was puerperal. During her confinement she became melancholy. She complained of pains in her head and giddiness. She cried a great deal. She could not be left because she was likely to inflict injury on herself or her child. In fact she totally neglected both her child and her household duties. She was extremely paralysed both in gait and speech. Her dementia and GPI were apparent. There was no change in her condition. She was quiet and contented and caused no trouble. She did some easy work in her ward. She now became even more paralysed and she was confined to bed. She had difficulty in walking and she tumbled and injured herself. In spite of this she was very bright and cheerful. 09/09 /1881. She went to bed, but shortly afterwards she was seen to be ill. She was bluish. The AMO arrived as she drew her last breath. She died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Eliza Cook. 31/01/1881. 19.879. Senile dementia with paralysis. Grief at the death of her husband was the cause. She died in Powick Asylum. Heredity and poverty were also involved. She had tried to get out of a window. She had been in Bromsgrove WH for about a year. In the middle of a conversation she said 'Oh dear me, I shall be dead'. She claimed the WH inmates were always fighting. She changed the topic of her conversation every second or so. She had hit people with a broom and she pulled the bedclothes off people and scratched them. She had chest problems. Whilst she was suffering from paralysis she was

regarded as a bright and cheerful old lady. However her mind was almost gone. She claimed her ward was a dungeon. She talked unintelligible rubbish. She sometimes used disgusting language. However, she was quiet and gave no trouble. She continued in this state. She was now obstinate and she resisted being dressed or helped in any way. In the cold weather she was confined to bed. 07/01/1881. She still scratched and pinched other patients. She died of atrophy of the brain.

Jane Cook. 01/11/1899. 43.133. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 15/11/1899. Died of GPI.

Ellen Croft. 28/01/1864. 11.035. Suffering from Mania with hemiplegia. Unable to control herself. She believed she was surrounded by devils. She had also beaten her mother and she then cried for hours, but she then laughed. She had a stroke that caused paralysis. She had been tied to keep her in bed. On admission to the asylum her condition slightly improved. Her improvement continued. She had a strumous disease of her ankle bones. She improved and she occasionally amused herself by reading. She had an epileptiform fit. 19/12/1864. Died.

Annie Currall. 30/01/1893. 35.331. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause unknown. 17/12/1893. Died of GPI with phthisis.

Mary Ann Durdan. 08/03/1881. 23.005. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with incipient GPI. The cause was drink. She was in the Essex County Asylum 06/1880. Very noisy at night and she got up and wandered about. She would strip herself if not prevented from doing so. Demented. She had symptoms of incipient GPI. She continued in this state. She was occasionally more stupid than she had been. She complained about her head and she refused to eat or work. She then had severe epileptiform seizures. She could do nothing for herself. She was often tricky and difficult with the nurses. She was now full of delusions. However she now worked and did not give as much trouble. She was improved, but occasionally she had lots of money and that the Queen sent her 5/- a week. She was more dull and stupid. She complained of giddiness. It was necessary to strap her clothes on to stop her stripping. She was now in bed in a lost state. However, she was marginally less demented. She was able to do a little work. She varied between deep dementia and a situation where she did useful work. She was mentally the same, but she still worked well. At best she was cheerful, willing to converse, but still demented. She sometimes interfered and was officious. She then relapsed and became dull and stupid. She would not talk with or obey the nurses. Her left leg and arm were weaker. However she could still walk and she grasped things with both hands. She was again useful and well behaved. She no longer appeared to be paralysed. She improved again and was up every day. She was again bright, cheerful and useful. She suffered more dementia. These fits of dementia continued, but she tried to remain useful. Her attacks of dementia were now chronic. She got worse. Motor aphasia progressed and she shouted screamed and fought causing much trouble. She was sleeping on the floor in a single room and she was sedated. She developed cellulitis of her left leg. Her language was filthy and she was amorously inclined. She often fell over. 16/12/1886. She died of GPI with pneumonia.

Mary Edwards. 10/01/85. 25.493. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause unknown. 11/02/1885. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Elizabeth Louisa Evans. 27/08/1891. 33.437. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. A stroke was the cause. 22/11/1891. Died of GPI.

Priscilla Ferriday. 18/04/1881. Idiocy with paralysis. Cause heredity. 09/09/1905. Discharged Not Improved and transferred after 24 year's incarceration.

Hannah Field. 06/03/1865. 13.207. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. She was suffering from acute mania with GPI. She had been secreting money from her husband and giving it to a profligate brother. Her husband discovered this and the result was her illness. After her admission to the asylum she was much improved. She continued to improve, but her mental state was still very weak. She had a maniacal attack. She could not restrain herself and she was very bruised. She became quieter and more settled. She was deluded. She claimed that people struck and thrashed her. She was weak and feeble. She was kept in bed and was helpless. 25/02/1866. She died of senile degeneration.

Eliza Fello. 26/11/1885. 27.241. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute Mania with GPI. Sun stroke was the supposed cause. 15/02/1886. Died of GPI.

Catherine Fletcher. 16/11/1867. 14.283. Mania with paralysis. She was partially paralysed. This had been her state for 14 years. On many occasions she had threatened to destroy herself. She had suffered several strokes. She was very deaf and she was unstable on her feet. She was quiet and tractable and able to do a little work in her ward. She suffered from pneumonia. She was left feeble and delicate. She slightly improved, but she was depressed and she cried a great deal. She was again confined to bed with pneumonia. She was in a critical state. She again recovered. She then had a severe attack of dysprocea. 11/06/1876. Died of disease of the brain and paralysis.

Lavinia Fletcher. 07/08/1886. 27.549. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with Aphasia and GPI. Heredity and a previous attack the cause. 10/09/1887. Died of GPI.

Fanny Freeman. 29/07/1874. 16.489. Mania with paralysis. Ill for 4 years. She was worse in the last 4 months. Senile degeneration was the supposed cause. She believed everything was poisoned to kill her. She went outside in the nude and blasphemed loudly. Destructive. Her ankles were scarred where she had been bound. She had emphysema. She now believed everything she was offered was poisoned. She was paralysed and she claimed that her niece had broken some of her ribs. She refused to eat and was fed. She became better with food. Helpless but she was regularly got out of bed. She was then permanently in bed. She had several paralytic attacks. She was now feeble and emaciated. She got worse. 26/01/1875. She died of chronic heart and lung disease with brain disease.

Ann George. 21/02/1881. 19.893. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Destitution and poverty the cause. She had attempted to get out of a window. She heaped wood on the fire, but claimed she was too warm. She said she had nothing to cook and she threw water on the ashes for some unexplained reason. She had met her certifier many times in the past but said she did not know him or his name. She was queer in her talk. She continually sewed dishcloths and old rags. She risked setting herself or the house on fire. On admission to the asylum her clothes had to be destroyed because they were so filthy. She had scars and old sores on her face and legs. She was demented and had GPI. Her mind was an absolute blank. She said her name was Charley and that she was not married, but she immediately denied this. She then suddenly had epileptiform seizures. Her whole body was affected, but she recovered, but she was left twitching on her left side. She could now hardly swallow. 25/10/1881. She died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Priscilla George. 17/12/1887. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with epilepsy and GPI. The death of a child was the cause. 09/03/1890. Died of GPI.

Elizabeth Goldsby. 18/04/1866. 13.575. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. She imagined that she was being ill-used by her husband and other people around her. She had been restrained. She was taken to the workhouse. She steadily got worse. She was confined to bed with sloughing of her right nates. 12/10/1866. She died of GPI.

Sarah Goode. 07/10/1898. 41.461. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 11/10/1898. Died of GPI.

Mary Ann Goodyear. 21/06/1877. 19.199. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Drink, poverty and prostitution were the cause. She had been in Worcester WH for a year. She had lost her memory in the last 6 months. She had done no work. She constantly stripped herself naked. She was suffering from GPI. She was stupid and lost and she replied 'yes' to any question she was asked. She often cried with no cause. She was mentally the same, but more paralysed by the day. She could not stand and was confined to bed. She was difficult to feed and she had a pain in her head. She then became semi-conscious. 20/10/1877. She died of GPI with disease of the brain, liver and kidneys.

Ellen Green. 04/01/1886. 27.277. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Heredity the cause. 27/03/1886. Died of disease of the coronary artery.

Selina Griffin. 19/01/1999. 41.589. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 22/05/1899. Died of GPI.

Elizabeth Griffiths. 13/06/1862. 7.052. Acute Mania with Paralysis. Brain Disease. Headaches. 11/12/1863. Died.

Mary Griffiths. 07/12/71. 16.033. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with paralysis. Had a paralytic attack in February and several others had occurred since. She was destructive. Demented. She became even more feeble and paralysed. She remained in this state. She had to be treated like a child. She was now confined to bed. Her paralysis was on her right side. She could not stand or raise anything with her hands. She continued in this state. 24/06/1874. She died.

Phoebe Griffiths. 16/01/73. 16.241. The cause was epilepsy. Violent. She tore the bedclothes and could not be left where there was a fire. She was paralysed and unable to walk or stand. Her mouth was drawn to the right. Mind much impaired. She said she was 20 years old when she was 51 years old. Soon after admission to the asylum she had a series of fits. This left her in a weak state. However, she somewhat improved. She was then in bed again in a heavy and stupid state. However, she then had another series of epileptic seizures. She was left in a state of stupor. She was semi-comatose. She then convulsed again. 25/03/1873. She died of sanguineous apoplexy with disease of the brain and other organs.

Susan Hamlington. 09/02/1886. 27.417. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. 07/03/1886. Died from GPI.

Eliza Hampton. 04/12/1880. 19.849. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Melancholia with incipient GPI. Discharge from her job for incompetence was the cause after 12 years in the job. She was abnormally despondent and depressed. She had threatened to destroy herself. She shrieked and shouted. She then prayed and fell to the floor screaming and kicking. She showed symptoms of incipient GPI. She wept with no apparent cause. She was very it appeared that she had made a vague attempt to escape. She was sent

back to her ward. This caused her to deteriorate. She appeared to be more paralysed. She was quite unable to look after herself. She now constantly cried and implored not to be killed. Her tongue and lips were now paralysed. She became somewhat quieter. She was unchanged but constantly asking to be returned to Dudley. Her GPI advanced. She then suddenly relapsed and was put to bed. 25/05/1882. She died of GPI. Friends would not allow a Post Mortem to be held.

Rebecca Harman. 09/06/1879. 19.565. Dementia with paralysis. Dissolute habits were the cause. In Worcester WH for 3 months. Her condition had worsened in the last 2 years. She suffered pains in her head. She wandered about the house with her arms folded and not speaking. She kept jumping out of bed and she fell down stairs. She spread butter on a book. She had gone to a river with the intention of throwing herself in. However, her condition then improved. She continued to make steady progress. 03/11/1879. Discharged Recovered.

Jane Harris. 27/02/1869. 14.681. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Suffering from incipient GPI. Cannot occupy or feed herself. She was confined about six months ago and she became insane after this. She was intemperate and her husband had ill-treated her. 07/04/1869. Died of GPI.

Susannah Hartle. 05/09/1867. 14.231. Mania with paralysis. Paralysis affected her left side. She imagined that poison was concealed in the house that was intended to destroy her. Destructive and violent. She had suffered from apoplexy. After admission to the asylum she threatened to be violent. She had delusions that varied from day to day. She was moderately industrious. She was then entirely confined to bed. Suffered epileptiform seizures. Unconscious of the calls of nature. She became weaker. Difficult to feed. She developed bed-sores. She suffered convulsions. 28/11/1872. Died of disease of the brain and paralysis

Elizabeth Hill. 03/08/1904. 47.717. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 24/01/1908. Died of GPI.

Jane Hill. 17/03/1874. 16.417. Chronic Mania with paralysis. She had been in Worcester Prison for 2 months for stealing slippers. She was said to be insane when she committed this offence. Unmanageable. She threatened to injure her mother with a hatchet. Chattered in a deluded and exalted way. She was sometimes fretful and she cried. She did a little needlework. She was quieter and less deluded. She talked quite rationally. She was active and industrious. She was still somewhat given to petty pilfering. She was allowed out on trial. She was Discharged Recovered 07/12/1874.

Emma Hook. 29/12/1876. 19.101. Mania with epilepsy and paralysis. Epilepsy, paralysis and the fact that her husband was in gaol were the cause. She had suffered epileptic seizures for about a month. When questioned she laughed violently, she pulled up her clothes and wet herself. She had tried to get up the chimney, burned her clothes and beaten her children with no cause. She was considerably paralysed on her left side. Symptoms of brain disease were evident. She was suffering from mania. She resisted everything that was done for her. She shouted her own name at the top of her voice. Her habits were depraved and dirty. Her paralysis now increased and she was often confined to bed. Her bladder was paralysed. She was very noisy at night. She continued in the same unsatisfactory state. She mistook the identity of people. Her paralysed state worsened still further. She then developed bed-sores. 05/02/1878. She suddenly died without any pain or struggle of disease of the brain and paralysis.

Ellen Horton. 10/12/1892. 35.287. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Pregnancy and loss of sight were the cause. 07/01/1894. Died of GPI.

Emma Hughes. 22/07/1882. 23.265. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. GPI with Dementia. Cause grief, brain disease and a previous attack. 27/01/1885. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Kate Hyde. 11/02/1907. 51.329. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 03/06/1908. Died of GPI.

Ann Jennings. 18/01/1870. 14.933. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Grief at the death of her husband was the supposed cause. She had a paralytic stroke six years ago. She had given birth to 16 children. Triplets once and twins 3 times. 15/02/1871. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Jane Jones. 09/02/1871. 15.383. Dementia with Paralysis. Studying religion was the supposed cause. She attempted suicide by cutting her throat. On admission to the asylum she was demented. She then much improved. However she was still depressed. She fretted a great deal about her husband and the situation at home. 01/12/1871. She appeared happier. 08/01/ 1872 she was out on trial. 05/02/1872. Discharged Recovered.

Charlotte Jervis. 04/02/1881. 19.883. Senile dementia with paralysis. A dissolute lifestyle was the cause. She had been in Upton on Severn WK for over 16 months. She constantly quarrelled and fought with other inmates. She was sometimes quiet, but at other times she was unmanageable. She imagined no one did anything for her. She used extremely obscene language. She informed the matron that she had killed her husband. After admission to the asylum she was unchanged. She had bronchitis but recovered. She then suffered 2 or 3 hemiplegic attacks which resulted in her left side being paralysed. She was helpless and it was feared she would not recover. She did recover, but was helpless. The left side of her face was paralysed. She then fell off a night-stool and she fractured a limb. This was splinted and it united well. She continued in this state. It appeared she had more slight attacks of paraplegia, but she then suffered a several attack. 14/08/1882. She died of disease of the brain and blood vessels.

Emma Jinks. 19/03/1897. 39.673. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Melancholia with GPI. 13/02/1894. Died of GPI.

Elizabeth Johns. 01/06/1880. 19.771. Senile Dementia with paralysis. Old age and weakness of intellect the cause. She incessantly raved and shouted at her certifier. She had escaped from Evesham WH and walked about naked. She would wander to the men's ward if not closely watched. She would not stay in bed. She had been in the WH for 3 months, but on Parish Relief for a year. Her intellectual capacity was almost obliterated. She was absolutely deaf. She constantly asked for beer. If thwarted when she asked to go to the night-stool she shouted 'murder!' She could do nothing for herself and she was destructive. She continued in this state. She had been bathed, but she then had a paralytic seizure. She was entirely paralysed and comatose. She was put to bed, but she never recovered consciousness. 08/07/1880. She died of sanguineous apoplexy with senile degeneration of her organs.

Mary Ann Frances Jordan. 16/02/1878. 19.311. Acute Mania with paralysis. Domestic trouble the cause. She knelt down as though praying when she was interviewed. She had grabbed her mother by the throat and struck her sister with a poker. She said she needed blood on her hands and she had kissed the parson last Sunday. She had syphilitic scars on her back. She was suffering from acute mania. She gave trouble to her attendants. However she then improved and employed herself quite industriously in her ward sewing. She continued to make steady progress. She was quieter. She was allowed out on trial, but she was returned to the asylum because she had been excited. She returned to her former state. She

continued to be usefully employed. She was in ward 9 where she conducted herself with great propriety. 07/06/1880. Discharged Recovered.

Hannah Jubb. 12/12/1881. 23.125. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Cause brain disease and heredity. 07/03/1882. Died of Cerebral Haemorrhage.

Elizabeth King. 12/11/1874. 16.539. Paralysis and disease of the brain the cause. She walked about in her nightdress and believed she was robbed every day by her neighbours. She thought people constantly came to her window at night and called her. On admission to the asylum she was quiet. However during the night she became excited. She broke the windows in her room. She continued to be excited. However generally she was quiet and tractable by day, but excited at night. She bundled up her bedclothes claiming she must be off. She had bronchitis. However this was attributed to her rolling about in the cold at night. She recovered. Still demented. She was quite deluded. She had severe diarrhoea that confined her to bed. She suffered haemorrhage from her bowel. She was paralysed and her mind was in the same weak state. She was dirty, noisy and destructive. She was confined to bed when she could no longer walk or stand. She suffered several paralytic seizures. 15/08/1880. She died of disease of the brain, heart and blood vessels with paralysis.

Rose Hannah King. 10/01/1882. 23.131. Idiocy with paralysis. Cause congenital. 03/05/1885. Died of chronic disease of the brain.

Mary Ann Kirby. 02/12/73. 16.387. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Desertion by her husband the cause. Eccentric for years. She tore up her bedding. She ran outdoors in her night clothes. She threatened to strike sick WH inmates. Walked about the dormitory tying the bedclothes into bundles. She suffered a paralytic attack affecting her left side. Her limbs recovered but her gait was still affected. Confined to bed. She destroyed her clothes. She could no longer stand or walk. Up daily but demented. Her feebleness and paralysis were progressing. She was troublesome to feed. She got weaker. 06/11/75. Died from the exhaustion of GPI.

Harriett Knight. 14/09/1888. 29.597. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute Mania with GPI. Poverty, unemployment and the bad health of her husband. 02/04/1889. Died of GPI and Pneumonia.

Sarah Knight. 17/06/1856. 4.294. Dementia with Hemiplegia. Paralysed. Her mind was deranged. Her condition worsened. 07/10/56. Died.

Ann Lambley. 20/08/1880. 19.803. Senile Dementia with paralysis. Senility and poverty the cause. An inmate of Evesham WH for 1 week and on Parish Relief for 20 years. She wandered about with no idea about where she was going. Whenever the doors were open she attempted to escape from the WH. She used very bad language and she tried to bite other inmates. She was put in a strait-waistcoat. She hit the Matron and kicked at another woman patient. She was wild and excited. She suffered from bronchitis. If attempts were made to control her she kicked out and shouted 'murder!' and 'police' at the top of her voice. She talked incoherent nonsense. She also refused her food. This old lady was much the same. However she did not interfere with other people as much. She was harmless and needed a little watching. She had bronchitis and dysprocea. Given her great age she was as well as might be expected. She fell and cut her head. This wound was dress and it healed well. She then had an infection all over the left side of her head. Suddenly she began to sink. 18/12/1880. She died from sanguineous apoplexy and senile degeneration of her organs.

Mary Ann Lane. 28/12/1865. 13.455. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. She had dementia with GPI. She was found wandering by the police. She was taken to the WH. She stripped off her clothes. She had been in Hoxton House Asylum. She gradually got worse. Her GPI progressed. 23/08/1867. She died of GPI.

Selina Little. 05/10/1898. 41.457. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 11/11/1898. Died of GPI.

Sarah Jane Love. 27/04/1874. 16.431. Childbirth 3 months ago and the death of the infant the cause. She had tried to jump out of windows on several occasions. She also tried to get at the knife box. She made deluded attempts to strike anyone near to her. She was tied down in bed. Extremely restless and agitated. Could not control herself. After admission to the asylum she got worse. She jerked about and sometimes tore her hair. She had paralysis of the bladder. She was blistered. Her attack lessened. She was up and her symptoms left her. She was taken off the chloral sedative she was on and she immediately had an attack of excitement. This subsided, but she was given another sedative. She recovered and had no more attacks of excitement. She continued her recovery. 07/12/1874 she was Discharged Recovered.

Elizabeth Mann. 09/09/1874. 16.507. Hard work, debility and change of life the cause. She had gone to the railway where she was almost run over. She had tried to stab her daughter. Her paralysis was marked in her speech and gait. She wandered about talking incessantly. She fought and blindly resisted things done to help her. Her bladder was paralysed. Her uterus appeared to be infected. She became feebler. Her feet and ankles were oedematous. She was unable to swallow. 29/10/1874. She died of paralysis, emphysema and bronchitis.

Harriett Martin. 04/09/1874. 16.505/ Idiocy with epilepsy and paralysis. Congenital mental deficiency. Destructive and vicious. She was passionate, but she was unable to speak. She walked with difficulty because her leg muscles had contracted. She sometimes screamed without cause. However she was quiet, ate well and was easy to manage. She got chilblains in winter. She had bronchitis and was kept in bed. She continued in this state. She frequently had epileptic seizures. She could not attend to her own wants and was in constant need of care. She had bronchitis which weakened her. She was again confined to bed. She recovered but had a cough. In spite of this she was up daily. She was then failing in strength and her cough was more troublesome. She had advanced TB of her lungs. She rallied slightly, but then deteriorated. She then got markedly worse. 18/03/1881. She died of phthisis, idiocy, paralysis and epilepsy.

Ann Mason. 22/08/1866. 13.675. She had chronic mania with paralysis. She destroyed her clothes. She wanted to marry again, when she had murdered her husband. She was much improved. She then got worse. She had 2 or 3 paralytic attacks. There was no improvement. She had an attack of phlebitis. 02/12/1872. She died.

Mary Ann Mason. 07/02/1871. 15.405. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Treated previously at Birmingham Borough Asylum. She was a heavy drinker who had a child 2 years before she married, about 10 years ago. She had her first paralytic attack about a year ago. She had been treated previously at Birmingham Borough Asylum. At time she was violent. She suffered a cerebral and general functional derangement. She also has spasmodic convulsive seizures. She threw herself about causing herself injuries. She contracted erysipelas. She was now evidently sinking. 20/03/1871. She died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Mary Millichamp. 03/03/1875. 16.583. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with Paralysis. Cause paralysis and brain disease. She had threatened suicide. Fancied someone was always after her. Threatened to cut her husband's throat. She had chronic brain disease with paralysis. She wandered about without object. She had several epileptiform fits. She was much prostrated. She tore and threw about the bedclothes. She had to be fed. Very obstinate. Her paralysis increased considerably. 01/05/1875. She died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Emily Minton (or Hinton). 20/12/1880. 19.855. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Epilepsy, Heredity and Drink were the cause. She crouched by the fire with an excited look about her. She had roamed about at night with no apparent reason. She alarmed her neighbours. It was thought that she tied to poison herself. On admission to the asylum she was very dirty and badly paralysed. She had a very unsteady gait. The symptoms of GPI were apparent. Her face was expressionless and her mind was almost gone. She continued in a helpless state. She was unable to stand and paralysis affected her lips and tongue so her speech was influenced. Her bladder was also paralysed. 26/03/1881. She died of the exhaustion of GPI with cystitis and hepatitis.

Sarah Mole. 18/04/1885. 25.569. Dementia with paralysis. Cause fright after attending her ill mother-in-law. 07/09/1885. Discharged Recovered.

Sarah Moon. 15/08/1873. 16.331. Found wandering at large. She had attempted to drown herself. When she was agitated she was mentally much less lucid. She claimed there were pains all over her body, but this did not appear to be true. She was quiet and generally she did not speak. She did a little simple work in her ward. Her gait was unsteady. She did not change, but then she began to get feebler. A bout of cerebral congestion and paralysis kept her in bed. She was then a little better. She was more demented and paralysed. She was little changed. However. She was up daily. She suffered an attack of hemiplegia. However this paralysis passed off. She was now deluded and she hallucinated. She was stronger, but her delusions persisted. She was somewhat better, but she had bronchitis and dysprocea. She then had a sever attack of asthma. She was again confined to bed. Her bronchial asthma continued. She recovered, but she then had bronchitis again. Her asthma continued. . She was now very deluded and irrational, so she talked all sorts of queer nonsense. She now thought that she was some great person, who was very rich and was about to marry. She was then in bed with bronchitis, but she also had heart problems. 29/01/1880. She died of GPI.

Hannah Moore. 13/02/1871. 15.337. Dementia with paralysis. She had been injured in a fall. Spent a week in Worcester WH. Husband died 4 years ago. She knelt next to the bed and talked to an imaginary person under the bed. It was difficult to keep her off the fire in the ward. She had brain disease and paralysis. She became even more useless. 05/04/1871. She died of brain disease and paralysis.

Mary Morton. 19/03/1874. 16.419. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with paralysis. Had a paralytic attack 9 months ago. She made frequent attempts to wander from home saying that it was not her home and she had no right to be there. She made erroneous statements about herself and others. The then calmed down. She was up for a few hours every day. She was paralysed and helpless. Demented and had to be tended like a child. She got worse. She had a number of epileptiform fits. 29/04/1874. Died of GPI.

Hannah Newey. 18/08/1866. 13.673. Dementia with paralysis and epilepsy. Utterly demented. One side of her face was paralysed. Restless and destroyed her clothes. She had Cerebral Disease and had

suffered several paralytic seizures. She was confined to bed and she had epileptic fits. 18/11/1866. She died.

Jane Nicholls. 13/12/1884. 25.469. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI.05/10/1885. Discharged Recovered and allowed to go and live with her brother.

Agnes Norwood. 20/11/1884. 25.453. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause unknown. Died of the exhaustion of General Paralysis.

Mary Pardoe. 22/04/21874. 16.429. Mania with paralysis. Cause paraplegia 18 months ago. She constantly moaned and screamed at the top of her voice. She refused to speak or eat. She had complete motor-paralysis and bed-sore. She moaned and said she had been very wicked and brought all this misery on herself. She got even more feeble and prostrated. Her bed-sores increased. She got weaker. 03/06/1874. She died of paralysis with bed-sores.

Hannah Maria Pearsall. 26/03/1888. 29.409. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Weakness caused by nursing a child for 18 months the cause. 22/02/1890. Died of GPI.

Mary Ann Pearsall. 18/04/1868. 14.379. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Transferred from Greenwich WH. Partially paralysed on the right side. Acts in a strange way and she attempted to scratch and strike people around her. Dissipation was the supposed cause.27/03/1868. Died of GPI.

Uskile Perry. 01/03/1886. 27.433. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. Separation from her husband was the cause. 09/07/1907. Discharged Not Improved and moved to Barnsley Hall Asylum.

Sarah Piccard. 16/08/1872. 16.157. Dementia with paralysis. She had suffered from paralysis for the last 5 years. If pressed to answer a question she cried. She chased the person she lived with a knife. She could not work without assistance. Hr hair was swarming with pediculi when she was committed to the asylum. She was suffering from brain disease. . She improved slightly and she was quiet and tractable. However she had to be dressed and fed. She could not attend to her wants in any respect. She was helpless and miserable looking. She was paralysed and extremely demented. She then declined. 01/06/1872. She died of brain disease and disease of her blood vessels with paralysis.

Ann Pitt. 29/06/1875.16.633. Suffered a paralytic attack. Family predisposition also present. Threatened violence to her husband and children. Suffered great mental excitement. Slight right hemiplegia. She could not raise her right arm as well as the left. Limped on her right leg. Demented. She said little, but what she did say was still rational. After admission to the asylum she was not excited. She made herself useful and gave no trouble. Her condition was unaltered. There as a marked improvement in her mental state. Much brighter and more cheerful. 10/01/1876. Discharged Recovered.

Eliza Sarah Powell. 18/07/1856. 4.312. Melancholia. She suffered several attacks of paralysis. These made her insensible for some time after them. She complained of headaches. Present attack of 3 months duration. Her husband deserted her. She had threatened her sister with a knife. She had threatened to cut her own throat and that of her children. On admission to the asylum she was in a low state. 26/01/1861. Died.

Mary Ann Price. 26/06/1869. 14.777. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Intemperance and dissipation the cause. Suffered occasional attacks of paralysis. Confined to bed. 25/12/1870. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Caroline Priest. 20/01/1877. 19.111. Imbecility, mania, chorea and paralysis. Heredity the cause. She had always been imbecile. She used filthy language. She was deluded that she had not slept for 4 years. She thought a man stood in the road staring at her. She pulled a veil across her face to avoid being looked at. She screamed violently whenever she was touched. She threatened to throw a tea kettle and tongs at the person who was caring for her. She believed that sulphur had been put in her tea. She dressed in her best clothes and packed to be collected by a carriage with two horses. She was in a dreadful state with sores all over her body. There was an abscess under her chin and she had a compound fracture of her lower jaw. This was caused in a fall before she was taken to the asylum. Some teeth were extracted to treat this fracture. She had difficulty in talking intelligibly. She was still deluded. Two more pieces of bone were removed from the site of her fractured jaw. Her condition now improved. Her fractured jaw had now completely healed. However, mentally she was not improved. She was sufficiently recovered 03/12/1877. She was Discharged Relieved and transferred to Kidderminster WH.

Ann Quincy. 05/10/1861. 6.182. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Paralysed and confined to bed. Developed bed-sores. 17/06/1863. Died.

Mary Raybould. 06/06/1874. 16.453. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. The cause was the worry of rent, poverty and desertion. Depressed and fearful that something was going to happen to her. She had on several occasions threatened to cut her children's heads off. She had also threatened to do away with herself. Her gait was shaky. She was deluded that she knew all the patients in her ward before she arrived at the asylum. Her legs were oedematous and painful. She suffered a severe epileptiform attack and several slight ones afterwards. These fits ceased and her paralysis was halted. She had tonsillitis and bronchitis. She recovered and did some work in her ward. There was little change in her state. She then became more feeble and paralysed. Her mind was in a silly, wandering and confused state. She was unchanged, but she was up every day and she employed herself usefully. She caused no trouble. She continued in this state. On 31/10/1882. It was determined that this woman was Chargeable to the part of Dudley Union that was in Staffordshire. She was transferred to Stafford Asylum.

Charlotte Rea. 29/01/1875. 16.565. Mania with paralysis. Her first attack was 35 years ago. Treated at Fairford Asylum. Violent and uncontrollable. Wandered about all night constantly talking. She had left hemiplegia. She was restless and noisy; screaming and shouting at the top of her voice. Unable to control herself. Her memory was quite good. She was given a sedative so she got some rest. She now occupied herself with her needle. Little change mentally. She swore and had many delusions. She had a maniacal attack and was confined in a single room. Maniacal attacks continued. Noisy and troublesome. She now occasionally employed herself with needlework. She had a prolonged attack of maniacal excitement. The old lady had good bodily health considering her age. She got outside in good weather and still did a little sewing, but she still got excited. She now often wept without cause. She was now said to be in a state of quiet dementia. However, occasionally she still got excited. She suffered from pulmonary congestion and was in the hospital ward. It was thought she might die. She contracted erysipelas which weakened her. It disappeared. 15/04/1885. She died of the senile degeneration of her organs.

Jane Reeves. 05/10/1861. 6.184. Mania with Paralysis and Epilepsy. Paralysed on her left side of 10 years standing. 24/03/1863. Died.

Sarah Reeves. 04/03/1881. 20.003. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. A fall on the head and drink. She was restless and continually on the move and crying. She was concerned that someone was

coming to get her to shoot her. She had been thrown out of a cart and stunned. She then gradually got worse. Her affection for her husband and children had changed. She frequently hit them with a poker. She refused to eat and she exposed her person to the children. She would stand in the same place for hours. Her gait and speech were affected. After admission to the asylum she was difficult with food. She was absolutely demented. Her husband came to see her and after that she was wildly excited. She wandered about constantly chattering. She fell about and bruised her face. She then began to deteriorate. She used foul and discusting language. 07/09/ 1881. She died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Ann Rogers. 29/12/1891. 33.573. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute Mania with GPI. The cause was unknown. 07/08/1892. Died of heart disease and anaemia.

Elizabeth Rose. 10/11/1885. 27.217. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause confinement 8 weeks ago. 20/08/1892. Died of heart disease.

Eliza Ryall. 25/08/1886. 27.561. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. A previous attack was the cause. 14/06/1894. THIS PATIENT'S NOTES WERE MOVED TO A FORWARD BOOK THAT IS NO LONGER EXTANT. 30/03/1896. She died.

Sarah Salt. 25/11/1892. 35.271. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause unknown. 12/11/1894. THIS PATIENT'S NOTES WERE MOVED TO AN ANNEX BOOK THAT IS NO LONGER EXTANT. 17/02/1896. She died.

Hannah Sanders. 10/06/1867. 14.149. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. She had been incarcerated at Colney Hatch Asylum sine 11/1866. She had destroyed her clothes and pinched and scratched other people. She was transferred to Powick Asylum where she was found to have a mental disease that was progressing. She believed she had a lots of money in the bank. She had difficulty in walking. 08/01/1868. Died of GPI.

Mary Ann Simms. 27/11/1867. 14.287. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. She talked to herself and was violent. She had gone out of house in the nude. Her insanity came on when she was breast feeding her first child. After admission to the asylum se got worse. She was difficult to feed and she had extensive bed-sores. 03/01/1868. She died of GPI.

Mary Ann Simmons Sirlson. 12/02/1873. 16.247. Mania with paralysis. Reduced circumstances the cause. She had an epileptic fit 2 years ago. Unmanageable - she had taken up a knife to strike and throw at her sister. She also sat on the fire. She was unstable in her walk. She had bronchitis. She kept getting out of bed in the asylum and walking about. She always resisted eating. She was then unable to swallow anything except liquids. 21/02.1873. She died from mania and disease of the brain.

Alice Sparrey. 16/01/1893. 35.315. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Unknown cause. 15/06/1895. Died of GPI.

Amplias Sturgess. 24/07/1888. 29.557. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Change of Life the cause. 02/11/1890. Died of GPI.

Bertha Sutherland. 18/01/1873. 16.245. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute Mania with GPI. She had thrown things of value on the fire. She also cut her dress to shreds. She continually dressed and undressed. She was said to be a German. She spoke with a foreign accent. She was unable to control her actions. She picked her hands till they bled. She was difficult to feed. Her lips were paralysed. She

suffered an epileptiform attack. She had an infection of her left hand, where the skin sloughed. This exposed the tendons. Her hand began to heal, but she had some small abscesses on her fingers. She was difficult to feed. She suffered two more epileptiform attacks. She was confined to bed with her hands much improved, but her fingers were flexed. She was now restless and noisy and she refused her food, swore and fought with people. She then went from bad to worse. She had chest problems. 06/04/1873. She died of GPI with pleura-pneumonia.

Ann Taylor. 19/10/1872. 16.191. There was a hereditary predisposition in her family. Where she had been quiet she was now wild. She wandered about at night. After she was admitted to the asylum she improved. She did some useful work in her ward. She had slight bronchitis. Her gait was staggering. Her speech was more rational. However, her mental state then receded. She had infection. Her anus became swollen and painful. Her condition did not improve. She was now fretful and crying about her husband and her children. The abscess that had caused the problems was now almost healed. Her state now deteriorated. She was somewhat jaundiced. She was unsettled and could do little for herself. She remained in a mopish low state. She did get a little brighter, but this improvement was short lived. She was now depressed again. She then had a minor attack of typhoid fever. She recovered. She remained in a melancholic and apathetic state. She continued in this state. After almost 8 years' incarceration she had not considerably altered. 05/05 1879. This patient was allowed out on trial into the care of her husband. She was said to have improved and was said to be discharged on 02/06/1879.

Elizabeth Taylor. 10/11/1876. 19.065. Imbecility, epilepsy and paralysis. She had developed paralysis after smallpox as an infant. She often threatened her aunt with violence. She feared she would commit some indiscretion. She could not be left alone even for a few seconds. This was a case of mental deficiency with epilepsy. She had hemiplegia of her right side. She could just about manage to walk. She passed her excrement under her. Idiotic and stupid looking. She could not manage her own affairs. Her skin was susceptible to sloughing sores. She talked silly rubbish and was quite difficult to manage. She remained unchanged, but she now had the habit of falling over and hurting herself. Her condition was described as imbecile. She suffered epileptic seizures and she was getting worse. 13/04/1879. She died from exhaustion of paralysis and epilepsy.

Sarah Thornes. 06/09/1886. 27.582. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with Aphasia and GPI. Syphilis was the cause. 04/06/1894. THIS PATIENT'S NOTES WERE MOVED TO A FORWARD BOOK THAT IS NO LONGER EXTANT. 06/05/1903. This patient was moved to Berrywood Asylum, Northampton.

Elizabeth Tisdale. 21/07/1875. 16.645. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Domestic trouble the cause. She burned everything she could get her hands on. Packed up her things every night to be off. Walked about with no object in mind. Constantly talked and never slept. Claimed she was the countess of Berrington. She settled down and was quieter. Gave little trouble to the attendants. Her paralysis did not make progress. She regressed regarding her ability to do anything for herself. She then became much more feeble and paralysed. She was now confined to bed and developed very bad bed-sores. 03/04/1877. She died of GPI.

Sarah Tompkins. 26/01/1904. 47.465. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 05/03/1906. Died of GPI.

Hannah Trumper. 12/06/1886. 27.509. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Acute Mania with GPI. Poverty and a previous illness the cause. 08/08/1886. Died of GPI.

Elizabeth Turner. 11/05/1881. 23. 047. Idiocy with paralysis. Patient at Knowle Idiots Asylum. Transferred. 0/02/1890. Died of pneumonia.

Hannah Turner. 12/05/1874. 16.443. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Death of her sister the cause. If left alone she walk about the streets with no purpose. She had a prolapsed uterus. Her hair was swarming with pediculi. After admission to the asylum she was somewhat stronger. However mentally she was not improved. She was unable to attend to her own wants. She was now more paralysed. She was in bed and she could not stand. Extremely demented. She was ow quite blind. She was treated like a child. She got worse. Her pharynx was paralysed so she was difficult to feed. She suffered epileptiform seizures. She now said she was pretty well. 21/05/1874. She died of cancer of the brain and paralysis.

Emma Tyler. 09/06/1853. 1.105. A congenital idiot. Caused a good deal of trouble. Hysterical, passion and crying. Remained the same. She was hemiplegic on the left side. Remained the same. Suffered epileptic seizures. 23/06/82. Discharged Not Improved and sent to Rubery Hill Asylum.

Elizabeth Wakeman. 15/05/1874. 16.445. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Mania with GPI. She had attempted to jump from a window. Uncontrollable and violent. She wandered about the streets for days with no motive. She broke the furniture and claimed she had a large fortune coming to her. She had delusions of exaltation. She claimed she was worth millions of money. She also said she could turn anything she liked into gold. She believed angels appeared to her and that she had been to heaven. She did not improve mentally. Her paralysis was marked in her speech and gait. She fell in the airing court and broke the neck of her right femur. The limb was splinted, but no union of the bone occurred. She was now difficult to manage and her paralysis was worse. She got much worse. She had chilblains on her feet and legs. 21/04/1876.

Maria Elizabeth Wall. 16/02/1892. 35.0025. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPII. Dementia with VPI. The cause was unknown. 15/02/1894. She died of breast cancer and a cerebral embolism.

Harriett Webster. 05/10/1870. 15.227. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. GPI with Mania. Her face was drawn to the right and her gait influenced. She lived with man for years, but he eventually discarded her. She frequently sang and danced and she had delusions. Her GPI symptoms increased. She got worse. She developed erysipelas. 23/01/1871. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Sarah Weobley. 11/01/1856. 4.207. She had suffered a paralytic seizure 18 months ago. Her habits were altered. She tore her clothes. She was unchanged. 12/01/56. Died.

Elizabeth Whitcombe. 12/02/1884. 25.173. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with paralysis. No known cause. 10/10/1886. Died of the exhaustion of GPI.

Mary Ann Whitehouse. 16/08/1880. 19.799. Senile Dementia with Paralysis. She did not know her name or name and she said her husband was a stranger who was not related to her. She also did not recognise her daughter. She also did not know how many children she had. She said that one was dead which was not true. She had knocked her husband about and tried to kick him. She threatened to cut other people's throats and used bad language. She had a left inguinal hernia and she had suffered a Colle's fracture of her right radius. She was in her second childhood. Her mind was an entire blank. She needed constant supervision. She fell heavily in her room early in the morning. When the night nurse raised her up the patient could not stand. She was put to bed and she stayed there. The AMO found that she had

sustained a fracture of the neck of her right femur. This was splinted and bandaged. However the patient was very restless. She continually tossed about and it was now found that she had her left lung was congested. The splint was removed but she could not use her limb. She was extremely prostrated. 10/10/1880. She died of disease of the brain, heart and blood vessels with paralysis.

Emma Williams. 13/03/1886. 27.449. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Cause unknown. 14/06/1894. THIS PATIENT'S NOTES WERE MOVED TO A FORWARD BOOK THAT IS NO LONGER EXTANT. However we do know that she died on 09/03/1909.

Harriett Williams. 04/07/1906. 51.037. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. 23/11/1906. Died of GPI

Maria Williams. 03/02/1870. 15.007. THIS WAS A CASE OF GPI. Dementia with GPI. Unable to control her actions. She had the delusion that she had money in the bank and that she had built a house. Grief at her brother's death the cause. Also a familial predisposition. Her bladder was paralysed. She often had to be fed. She made a slight improvement. Suffered syncope. 04/06/1870. Died of GPI.

Elizabeth Wood. 07/09/1867. 14.241. Dementia with paralysis. Destructive. She had suffered apoplexy. She had 2 strokes. She suffered hemiplegia on her right side. Now confined to bed. She had difficulty in swallowing. She was fed with liquids. She developed bed-sores. She remained completely paralysed. Her condition deteriorated. 23/03/1868. Died of paralysis with bed-sores.